

Testimony in Support of HJ 20

A JOINT RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF MONTANA RESOLVING THAT THE PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE CARE ACT, PUBLIC LAW 111-148, AND THE HEALTH CARE AND EDUCATION RECONCILIATION ACT OF 2010, AND PUBLIC LAW 111-152, ARE UNCONSTITUTIONAL, NULL AND VOID, AND UNENFORCEABLE; AND URGING EACH STATE LEGISLATURE TO ADOPT A SIMILAR RESOLUTION.

Chairman and members of the committee my name is Roger Nummerdor. I live in the Helena valley and I stand in support of HJ 20. I find it ironic that one of my ancestors, William de Mowbray, was one of 25 enforcers of the Magna Carta. Just as he had to fight an unjust king, who tried to increase his power over the people, I feel that I must support this resolution which strives to protect all Montana citizens from an unconstitutional healthcare bill that greatly increases the Federal Governments power over all Americans. This unconstitutional healthcare bill increases the size of the Federal Government by adding 1500 new agencies, agencies like the EPA and OSHA.

The unconstitutional health care law forces all Americans to purchase it, except for the very people who supposedly wrote the law. If this abomination of a bill is so good, then everyone should be required to have it, including the people who are trying to force it upon us.

Chairman and members of the committee, I ask you all to put away your party affiliations and vote for ~~H~~B 20.

William de Mowbray

Enforcers of Magna Carta (act. 1215–1216) were a group of barons who stood in the forefront of the opposition to the increasingly tyrannical rule of King John, and were entrusted with the enforcement of the terms of Magna Carta, 'the great charter of liberties' as it was already known just ten years later, formally granted by him at Runnymede on 15 June 1215

Membership

The committee's membership reflected the development of opposition to King John. Eustace de Vescy, who with Fitzwalter had been deeply implicated in a plot to kill the king in 1212, headed a distinct group of lords, dubbed 'the northerners' by chroniclers, including William de Mowbray, Richard de Percy and Roger de Montbegon (*d.* 1245), lord of Hornby in Lancashire and of several manors in Nottinghamshire and elsewhere; all of them had refused outright either to serve on the king's expedition to Poitou in 1214 or to pay scutage, claiming that overseas service ran contrary to the conditions of their tenure

William was one of the twenty-five Barons appointed to enforce the provisions of the Magna Carta. He had sided with the Barons in their quarrel with King John, and as he continued to oppose King John, his lands were forfeited. He was among the Barons who were excommunicated by the Pope. He fought against the young King Henry at the battle of Lincoln, 20 May 1217, and was taken prisoner. By October of that year he returned his allegiance to the Crown and his lands were restored to him. He married a woman by the name of Avice, whose parentage is not known, and William de Mowbray died before Mar 1223/4 at Axholme.